



AAVE

Security Assessment

September 21st, 2020

For :

Aave

By :

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Summaries

Project Summary

Project Name	Aave Incentives
Description	Sets of smart contracts to enable stake of Aave-related assets and rewards distribution based on them
Platform	Ethereum, Solidity
Codebase	GitLab Repository

Audit Summary

Delivery Date	Sep. 21, 2020
Method of Audit	Static Analysis, Manual Review
Consultants Engaged	1
Timeline	Jul. 28th, 2020 - Sep. 21rst 2020

Vulnerability Summary

Total Issues	9
Total Critical	0
Total Major	0
Total Minor	0
Total Informational	9



Findings

ID	Title	Type	Severity
ADM-01	Redundant Usage of uint128	Optimization	Informational
ADM-02	Uncommon Naming Convention	Coding Style	Informational
ADM-03	Usage Before Assignment	Optimization & Volatile Code	Informational
ADM-04	Named Return Variable	Optimization	Informational
AIC-01	Redundant Usage of safemath	Optimization	Informational
STO-01	Uncommon Naming Convention	Coding Style	Informational
STO-02	Inefficient Greater-Than Comparison w/ Zero	Optimization	Informational
STO-03	Implementation Consistency	Volatile Code	Informational
STO-04	Order of RW Execution	Volatile Code	Informational



ADM-01: Redundant Usage of `uint128`

Type	Severity	Location
Optimization	Informational	AaveDistributionManager.sol: L35

Description:

The constructor of the contract accepts a `distributionDuration` argument in the form of a `uint128` that is subsequently added to the `block.timestamp` and stored in an immutable variable.

Recommendation:

As the variable is only utilized in a SafeMath addition, it is more gas-efficient to instead utilize a `uint256` variable as the EVM operates optimally with full-word data types.

Alleviations:

The team opted to consider our references and changed the data type of the `distributionDuration` argument to a `uint256`.



ADM-02: Uncommon Naming Convention

Type	Severity	Location
Coding Style	Informational	AaveDistributionManager.sol: L29

Description:

The linked variable is prefixed with an underscore (`_`) yet is declared as public.

Recommendation:

We advise that the underscore is omitted per the Solidity style guide.

Alleviations:

The team opted to consider our references and changed the variable name, closely followed the Solidity style guide.



ADM-03: Usage Before Assignment

Type	Severity	Location
Optimization & Volatile Code	Informational	AaveDistributionManager.sol: L53-L59

Description:

In the linked code segment, the `emissionPerSecond` member of the `assetConfig` struct is being assigned to after it has been utilized in the function of `_updateAssetStateInternal` that subsequently invokes `_getAssetIndex`. This can cause `_getAssetIndex` to yield incorrect results depending on whether `emissionPerSecond` should reflect the new value being assigned or the previous one.

Recommendation:

We advise the team to revise the code segment.

Alleviations:

No alleviations.



ADM-04: Named Return Variable

Type	Severity	Location
Optimization	Informational	AaveDistributionManager.sol: L112-L134, L142-L160, L168-L189

Description:

The variable `accruedRewards` is declared and returned directly.

Recommendation:

The variable `accruedRewards` could be directly named in the return type of the function

Alleviations:

No alleviations.



AIC-01: Redundant Usage of `SafeMath`

Type	Severity	Location
Optimization	Informational	AaveIncentivesController.sol: L127

Description:

The preceding line from the linked sub invocation guarantees that the subtraction will never underflow thus rendering the internal check of sub redundant.

Recommendation:

We advise that a raw subtraction is utilized here instead.

Alleviations:

The team opted to consider our references and utilized a raw mathematical subtraction.



STO-01: Uncommon Naming Convention

Type	Severity	Location
Coding Style	Informational	StakedToken.sol: L34-L35

Description:

The linked variable is prefixed with an underscore (`_`) yet is declared as public.

Recommendation:

We advise that the underscore is omitted per the Solidity style guide.

Alleviations:

The team opted to consider our references and changed the variable name, closely followed the Solidity style guide.



STO-02: Inefficient Greater-Than Comparison w/ Zero

Type	Severity	Location
Optimization	Informational	StakedToken.sol: L75, L103

Description:

The linked conditionals conduct a greater-than (>) comparison between an unsigned integer and the value of zero.

Recommendation:

As unsigned integers are restricted to the non-negative range, it is possible to convert these comparisons to inequality ones optimizing their gas cost.

Alleviations:

The team opted to consider our references and converted the comparisons to inequality ones.



STO-03: Implementation Consistency

Type	Severity	Location
Volatile Code	Informational	StakedToken.sol: L151-L153

Description:

In other segments of the codebase, when a value greater than the balance of a user is provided as input a comparison is conducted to affect the minimum between the balance and the input. In this instance, invalid amounts would instead throw due to the `require` check imposed.

Recommendation:

We advise that graceful handling is introduced to prevent code halts.

Alleviations:

The team opted to consider our references, removed the `require` statement and used the `sub` invocation of SafeMath, passing an error message as an argument in case the subtraction failed.



STO-04: Order of RW Execution

Type	Severity	Location
Volatile Code	Informational	StakedToken.sol: L182-L184

Description:

The mapping lookup `_stakersCooldowns[from]` is stored to an in-memory variable that is subsequently accessed after the `_getNextCooldownTimestamp` invocation that affects it, potentially preventing it from being reset by the linked `if` clause if it was originally zero and subsequently set to a non-zero value.

Recommendation:

We advise that the order the statements are executed is evaluated.

Alleviations:

The team opted to consider our references and stored the `_stakersCooldowns[to]` to an in-memory variable.