

# Xend.Finance: Yearn-Dai

# **Smart Contracts**

Security Assessment

January 27th, 2021



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# Project Summary

Project Name	Xend.Finance: Yearn-Dai
Description	The repository allows investing of Dai in yearn finance and allows withdrawal. It provides interface through an adapter-service pattern where the service contract serves as main interacting contract for the functionality.
Platform	Ethereum; Solidity, Yul
Codebase	GitHub Repository
Commits	1. <u>bd8d35fb8d5919cb97e288dc7887aa7c6b8d29f5</u> 2. <u>e8bcbb45b88fda634c54b801375ff019aaa0fab0</u>

# Audit Summary

Delivery Date	January 27th, 2021
Method of Audit	Static Analysis, Manual Review
Consultants Engaged	2
Timeline	November 17th, 2020 - January 27th, 2021

# Vulnerability Summary

Total Issues	24
Total Critical	2
Total Major	0
Otal Medium	1
Total Minor	11
Total Informational	10



This report represents the results of CertiK's engagement with Xend on their implementation of the Yearn-dai contracts.

Our findings mainly refer to optimizations and a couple of major issues. All of the findings except a few informational were remediated. The overall security of the contracts can be deemed as high after the remediations were applied.



ID	Contract	Location
DLA	DaiLendingAdapter.sol	DaiLendingAdapter.sol
DLS	DaiLendingService.sol	DaiLendingService.sol
IDT	IDaiToken.sol	IDaiToken.sol
IYD	IYDaiToken.sol	IYDaiToken.sol
IDL	IDaiLendingService.sol	IDaiLendingService.sol
OWN	Ownable.sol	Ownable.sol





ID	Title	Туре	Severity	Resolved
<u>OWN-</u> <u>01</u>	if block should be substitued with require call	Coding Style	Minor	$\checkmark$
<u>OWN-</u> <u>02</u>	if block can be substituted with a require call	Coding Style	Minor	()
<u>OWN-</u> <u>03</u>	Unlocked Compiler Version	Language Specific	Informational	$\checkmark$
<u>DLS-</u> <u>01</u>	Unlocked Compiler Version	Language Specific	Informational	$\checkmark$
<u>DLS-</u> <u>02</u>	if block can be substituted with a require statement	Coding Style	Minor	Ċ

<u>DLA-</u> <u>01</u>	Unlocked Compiler Version	Language Specific	<ul> <li>Informational</li> </ul>	~
<u>DLA-</u> <u>02</u>	Mutability Specifiers Missing	Gas Optimization	Informational	~
<u>DLA-</u> <u>03</u>	Inefficient code	Coding Style	Informational	~
<u>DLA-</u> <u>04</u>	storage is updated after external interaction	Coding Style	- Medium	~
<u>DLA-</u> <u>05</u>	Function visibility can be changed to external	Gas Optimization	Informational	~
<u>DLA-</u> <u>06</u>	Requisite Value of ERC-20 transferFrom() / transfer() Call	Logical Issue	Minor	~
<u>DLA-</u> <u>07</u>	Requisite Value of ERC-20 transferFrom() / transfer() Call	Logical Issue	Minor	~
<u>DLA-</u> <u>08</u>	Requisite Value of ERC-20 transferFrom() / transfer() Call	Logical Issue	Minor	~
<u>DLA-</u> <u>09</u>	Requisite Value of ERC-20 transferFrom() / transfer() Call	Logical Issue	Minor	~
<u>DLA-</u> <u>10</u>	Requisite Value of ERC-20 transferFrom() / transfer() Call	Logical Issue	Minor	$\checkmark$
<u>DLA-</u> <u>11</u>	Requisite Value of ERC-20 transferFrom() / transfer() Call	Logical Issue	Minor	~
<u>DLA-</u> <u>12</u>	Requisite Value of ERC-20 transferFrom() / transfer() Call	Logical Issue	Minor	~
<u>DLA-</u> <u>13</u>	Requisite Value of ERC-20 transferFrom() / transfer() Call	Logical Issue	Minor	~
<u>DLA-</u> <u>14</u>	Inefficient code	Gas Optimization	Informational	~
<u>IDT-01</u>	Incorrect code	Logical Issue	Critical	~
<u>IDT-02</u>	Unlocked Compiler Version	Language Specific	• Informational	~
<u>IYD-01</u>	Unlocked Compiler Version	Language	•	~

		Specific	Informational	
<u>IDL-01</u>	Unlocked Compiler Version	Language Specific	Informational	~
<u>IDL-02</u>	Function signature in interface not declared external	Compiler Error	Critical	~



Туре	Severity	Location
Coding Style	<ul> <li>Minor</li> </ul>	Ownable.sol L32-L34

The if block on the aforementioned line evaluates to false when an zero address is provided yet the transaction executes successfully with setting a new contract owner.

#### **Recommendation:**

We recommend to use a require function such that the transaction reverts when an zero address is provided to increase the legibility of the code.

require(newOwner != address(0), "address cannot be zero");

# Alleviation:



Туре	Severity	Location
Coding Style	Minor	Ownable.sol L41-L43

The if block on the aforementioned line evaluates to false when an zero address is provided yet the transaction executes successfully with setting a new contract owner.

#### **Recommendation:**

We recommend to use a require function such that the transaction reverts when an zero address is provided to increase the legibility of the code.

require(newServiceContract != address(0), "address cannot be zero");

#### Alleviation:

No alleviations.



Туре	Severity	Location
Language Specific	Informational	Ownable.sol L1

The contract has unlocked compiler version. An unlocked compiler version in the source code of the contract permits the user to compile it at or above a particular version. This, in turn, leads to differences in the generated bytecode between compilations due to differing compiler version numbers. This can lead to an ambiguity when debugging as compiler specific bugs may occur in the codebase that would be hard to identify over a span of multiple compiler versions rather than a specific one.

#### **Recommendation:**

We advise that the compiler version is instead locked at the lowest version possible that the contract can be compiled at. For example, for version v0.6.2 the contract should contain the following line:

pragma solidity 0.6.2;

#### Alleviation:



Туре	Severity	Location
Language Specific	Informational	DaiLendingService.sol L1

The contract has unlocked compiler version. An unlocked compiler version in the source code of the contract permits the user to compile it at or above a particular version. This, in turn, leads to differences in the generated bytecode between compilations due to differing compiler version numbers. This can lead to an ambiguity when debugging as compiler specific bugs may occur in the codebase that would be hard to identify over a span of multiple compiler versions rather than a specific one.

#### Recommendation:

We advise that the compiler version is instead locked at the lowest version possible that the contract can be compiled at. For example, for version v0.6.2 the contract should contain the following line:

pragma solidity 0.6.2;

#### Alleviation:



Туре	Severity	Location
Coding Style	<ul> <li>Minor</li> </ul>	DaiLendingService.sol L14

The if block on the aforementioned line evaluates to false when an zero address is provided yet the transaction executes successfully with setting a new contract owner.

#### Recommendation:

We recommend to use a require function such that the transaction reverts when an zero address is provided to increase the legibility of the code.

```
require(_owner != address(0), "address cannot be zero");
```

#### Alleviation:

No alleviations.



Туре	Severity	Location
Language Specific	Informational	DaiLendingAdapter.sol L1

The contract has unlocked compiler version. An unlocked compiler version in the source code of the contract permits the user to compile it at or above a particular version. This, in turn, leads to differences in the generated bytecode between compilations due to differing compiler version numbers. This can lead to an ambiguity when debugging as compiler specific bugs may occur in the codebase that would be hard to identify over a span of multiple compiler versions rather than a specific one.

#### **Recommendation:**

We advise that the compiler version is instead locked at the lowest version possible that the contract can be compiled at. For example, for version v0.6.2 the contract should contain the following line:

pragma solidity 0.6.2;

#### Alleviation:



Туре	Severity	Location
Gas Optimization	Informational	DaiLendingAdapter.sol L74, L76

The linked variables are assigned to only once, either during their contract-level declaration or during the constructor 's execution.

#### Recommendation:

For the former, we advise that the constant keyword is introduced in the variable declaration to greatly optimize the gas cost involved in utilizing the variable. For the latter, we advise that the immutable mutability specifier is set at the variable's contract-level declaration to greatly optimize the gas cost of utilizing the variables. Please note that the immutable keyword only works in Solidity versions v0.6.5 and up.

#### Alleviation:



Туре	Severity	Location
Coding Style	Informational	DaiLendingAdapter.sol L135-L140

The code on the aforementioned lines in GetNetRevenue is redundant as the same calculation is performed by the function GetGrossRevenue .

#### **Recommendation:**

We recommend to utilize the call to function GetGrossRevenue in place of the aforementioned lines in GetNetRevenue to reduce bytecode footprint of the contract which will result in reduced deployment gas cost and it also increases the legibility of the codebase.

#### Alleviation:



Туре	Severity	Location
Coding Style	Medium	DaiLendingAdapter.sol L166-L170, L200-L204, L236-L242

The aforementioned lines contain code blocks which update storage after external interactions are performed which can open doors to re-entrancy attacks. Additionally, the dai and yDai tokens do not have constant addresses within the current codebase, re-entrancy is still a possibility in the case that the token implementations change to a malicious implementation.

#### **Recommendation:**

We recommend to update storage before the external interactions or ReentrancyGuard contract from OpenZeppelin can be used and nonReentrant modifier can be added to the signatures of vulnerable functions.

https://github.com/OpenZeppelin/openzeppelin-contracts/blob/master/contracts/utils/ReentrancyGuard.sol

#### Alleviation:



Туре	Severity	Location
Gas Optimization	Informational	<u>DaiLendingAdapter.sol L85, L89, L93, L100, L133, L147, L181, L218</u>

The functions on the aforementioned lines are never called from within the contract and hence their visibilities can be changed to external.

#### Recommendation:

We recommend to change the visibility of the functions on the aforementioned lines from public to external as they are never called from within the contract.

#### Alleviation:



Туре	Severity	Location
Logical Issue	Minor	DaiLendingAdapter.sol L114

While the ERC-20 implementation does necessitate that the transferFrom() / transfer() function returns a bool variable yielding true, many token implementations do not return anything i.e. Tether (USDT) leading to unexpected halts in code execution.

#### **Recommendation:**

We advise that the SafeERC20.sol library is utilized by OpenZeppelin to ensure that the transferFrom() / transfer() function is safely invoked in all circumstances through the use of safeTransferFrom() / safeTransfer() functions of SafeERC20 library.

#### Alleviation:



Туре	Severity	Location
Logical Issue	Minor	DaiLendingAdapter.sol L157

While the ERC-20 implementation does necessitate that the transferFrom() / transfer() function returns a bool variable yielding true, many token implementations do not return anything i.e. Tether (USDT) leading to unexpected halts in code execution.

#### **Recommendation:**

We advise that the SafeERC20.sol library is utilized by OpenZeppelin to ensure that the transferFrom() / transfer() function is safely invoked in all circumstances through the use of safeTransferFrom() / safeTransfer() functions of SafeERC20 library.

#### Alleviation:



Туре	Severity	Location
Logical Issue	Minor	DaiLendingAdapter.sol L163

While the ERC-20 implementation does necessitate that the transferFrom() / transfer() function returns a bool variable yielding true, many token implementations do not return anything i.e. Tether (USDT) leading to unexpected halts in code execution.

#### **Recommendation:**

We advise that the SafeERC20.sol library is utilized by OpenZeppelin to ensure that the transferFrom() / transfer() function is safely invoked in all circumstances through the use of safeTransferFrom() / safeTransfer() functions of SafeERC20 library.

#### Alleviation:



Туре	Severity	Location
Logical Issue	Minor	DaiLendingAdapter.sol L191

While the ERC-20 implementation does necessitate that the transferFrom() / transfer() function returns a bool variable yielding true, many token implementations do not return anything i.e. Tether (USDT) leading to unexpected halts in code execution.

#### **Recommendation:**

We advise that the SafeERC20.sol library is utilized by OpenZeppelin to ensure that the transferFrom() / transfer() function is safely invoked in all circumstances through the use of safeTransferFrom() / safeTransfer() functions of SafeERC20 library.

#### Alleviation:



Туре	Severity	Location
Logical Issue	Minor	DaiLendingAdapter.sol L197

While the ERC-20 implementation does necessitate that the transferFrom() / transfer() function returns a bool variable yielding true, many token implementations do not return anything i.e. Tether (USDT) leading to unexpected halts in code execution.

#### **Recommendation:**

We advise that the SafeERC20.sol library is utilized by OpenZeppelin to ensure that the transferFrom() / transfer() function is safely invoked in all circumstances through the use of safeTransferFrom() / safeTransfer() functions of SafeERC20 library.

#### Alleviation:



Туре	Severity	Location
Logical Issue	Minor	DaiLendingAdapter.sol L225

While the ERC-20 implementation does necessitate that the transferFrom() / transfer() function returns a bool variable yielding true, many token implementations do not return anything i.e. Tether (USDT) leading to unexpected halts in code execution.

#### **Recommendation:**

We advise that the SafeERC20.sol library is utilized by OpenZeppelin to ensure that the transferFrom() / transfer() function is safely invoked in all circumstances through the use of safeTransferFrom() / safeTransfer() functions of SafeERC20 library.

#### Alleviation:



Туре	Severity	Location
Logical Issue	Minor	DaiLendingAdapter.sol L233

While the ERC-20 implementation does necessitate that the transferFrom() / transfer() function returns a bool variable yielding true, many token implementations do not return anything i.e. Tether (USDT) leading to unexpected halts in code execution.

#### **Recommendation:**

We advise that the SafeERC20.sol library is utilized by OpenZeppelin to ensure that the transferFrom() / transfer() function is safely invoked in all circumstances through the use of safeTransferFrom() / safeTransfer() functions of SafeERC20 library.

#### Alleviation:



Туре	Severity	Location
Logical Issue	Minor	DaiLendingAdapter.sol L269

While the ERC-20 implementation does necessitate that the transferFrom() / transfer() function returns a bool variable yielding true, many token implementations do not return anything i.e. Tether (USDT) leading to unexpected halts in code execution.

#### **Recommendation:**

We advise that the SafeERC20.sol library is utilized by OpenZeppelin to ensure that the transferFrom() / transfer() function is safely invoked in all circumstances through the use of safeTransferFrom() / safeTransfer() functions of SafeERC20 library.

#### Alleviation:



Туре	Severity	Location
Gas Optimization	Informational	DaiLendingAdapter.sol L147, L181, L218

The Withdraw, WithdrawByShares and WithdrawBySharesOnly functions contain code duplication and inefficient userDaiDeposit mapping lookups.

#### **Recommendation:**

It would be advisable to make an internal \_withdraw function, which has parameters and the capability to support the functionality for all three public-facing withdraw functions, as well as looking up userDaiDeposits[owner] only once, storing it in a local variable, and referencing that local variable instead of subsequent lookups of userDaiDeposits[owner].

#### Alleviation:



Туре	Severity	Location
Logical Issue	Critical	IDaiToken.sol L1

The file expects to contain interface for Dai Token yet it contains interface for IYDaiToken.

#### Recommendation:

We recommend to replace the IYDaiToken with IDaiToken in the file.

#### Alleviation:



Туре	Severity	Location
Language Specific	Informational	IDaiToken.sol L1

The contract has unlocked compiler version. An unlocked compiler version in the source code of the contract permits the user to compile it at or above a particular version. This, in turn, leads to differences in the generated bytecode between compilations due to differing compiler version numbers. This can lead to an ambiguity when debugging as compiler specific bugs may occur in the codebase that would be hard to identify over a span of multiple compiler versions rather than a specific one.

#### **Recommendation:**

We advise that the compiler version is instead locked at the lowest version possible that the contract can be compiled at. For example, for version v0.6.2 the contract should contain the following line:

pragma solidity 0.6.2;

#### Alleviation:



Туре	Severity	Location
Language Specific	Informational	IYDaiToken.sol L1

The contract has unlocked compiler version. An unlocked compiler version in the source code of the contract permits the user to compile it at or above a particular version. This, in turn, leads to differences in the generated bytecode between compilations due to differing compiler version numbers. This can lead to an ambiguity when debugging as compiler specific bugs may occur in the codebase that would be hard to identify over a span of multiple compiler versions rather than a specific one.

#### **Recommendation:**

We advise that the compiler version is instead locked at the lowest version possible that the contract can be compiled at. For example, for version v0.6.2 the contract should contain the following line:

pragma solidity 0.6.2;

#### Alleviation:



Туре	Severity	Location
Language Specific	Informational	IDaiLendingService.sol L1

The contract has unlocked compiler version. An unlocked compiler version in the source code of the contract permits the user to compile it at or above a particular version. This, in turn, leads to differences in the generated bytecode between compilations due to differing compiler version numbers. This can lead to an ambiguity when debugging as compiler specific bugs may occur in the codebase that would be hard to identify over a span of multiple compiler versions rather than a specific one.

#### **Recommendation:**

We advise that the compiler version is instead locked at the lowest version possible that the contract can be compiled at. For example, for version v0.6.2 the contract should contain the following line:

pragma solidity 0.6.2;

#### Alleviation:



Туре	Severity	Location
Compiler Error	Critical	IDaiLendingService.sol L20

An interface can only have function signatures with visibilities specified as external yet the function signature on the aforementioned line does not have its visibility specified.

# Recommendation:

We advise to add the visibility of external to function signature on the aforementioned line.

## Alleviation:

# Appendix

#### **Finding Categories**

#### Gas Optimization

Gas Optimization findings refer to exhibits that do not affect the functionality of the code but generate different, more optimal EVM opcodes resulting in a reduction on the total gas cost of a transaction.

#### Mathematical Operations

Mathematical Operation exhibits entail findings that relate to mishandling of math formulas, such as overflows, incorrect operations etc.

#### Logical Issue

Logical Issue findings are exhibits that detail a fault in the logic of the linked code, such as an incorrect notion on how block.timestamp works.

#### **Control Flow**

Control Flow findings concern the access control imposed on functions, such as owner-only functions being invokeable by anyone under certain circumstances.

#### Volatile Code

Volatile Code findings refer to segments of code that behave unexpectedly on certain edge cases that may result in a vulnerability.

#### Data Flow

Data Flow findings describe faults in the way data is handled at rest and in memory, such as the result of a struct assignment operation affecting an in-memory struct rather than an in-storage one.

#### Language Specific

Language Specific findings are issues that would only arise within Solidity, i.e. incorrect usage of private or delete .

# Coding Style

Coding Style findings usually do not affect the generated byte-code and comment on how to make the codebase more legible and as a result easily maintainable.

#### Inconsistency

Inconsistency findings refer to functions that should seemingly behave similarly yet contain different code, such as a constructor assignment imposing different require statements on the input variables than a setter function.

#### Magic Numbers

Magic Number findings refer to numeric literals that are expressed in the codebase in their raw format and should otherwise be specified as constant contract variables aiding in their legibility and maintainability.

#### **Compiler Error**

Compiler Error findings refer to an error in the structure of the code that renders it impossible to compile using the specified version of the project.

#### Dead Code

Code that otherwise does not affect the functionality of the codebase and can be safely omitted.